

# **BURES HAMLET PARISH COUNCIL**

## **DATA PROTECTION & INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT POLICY**

**Reviewed and adopted 14<sup>th</sup> July 2025 – next review May 2026**

# **DATA PROTECTION**

## **1 ABOUT THIS POLICY**

**1.1** This policy outlines the standards the Council intends to observe in relation to its compliance with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and subsequently revised UK Data Protection law.

**1.2** The policy is applicable to all councillors and any employees, partners, voluntary groups, third parties and agents authorised by them.

**1.3** The Council shall ensure that the Clerk/RFO and Chair fully understand its obligations and have undertaken the necessary training to demonstrate compliance with this policy.

**1.4** This policy applies to all personal information created or held by the Council, in whatever format. This includes, but is not limited to paper, electronic, mail, microfiche, and film.

**1.5** This policy will be reviewed annually to reflect any changes in compliance to GDPR.

It will also be reviewed following any reported Data Breach as a future preventive measure.

**1.6** Bures Hamlet Parish Council recognises the importance of effective and secure information technology (IT) and email usage in supporting its business, operations, and communications.

## **2 RESPONSIBILITIES**

**2.1** To operate efficiently, the Council must collect and use information about people with whom it works. This may include members of the public, current, past, and prospective employees, customers, contractors, suppliers and partner organisations.

**2.2** The Council regards the lawful and correct treatment of personal information as critical to its successful operations, maintaining confidence between the Council and those with whom it carries out business. The Council will, therefore, ensure that it treats personal information correctly in accordance with the law.

**2.3** The Council, as a whole, is accountable for ensuring compliance with this policy. The day-to-day responsibilities are delegated to the Clerk who will undertake information audits and manage the information collected by the Council including the issuing of privacy notices, dealing with requests and complaints raised. Regular data backups should be performed to prevent data loss, and secure data destruction methods should be used when necessary.

**2.4** Councillors who process personal data on an individual basis and are not acting on behalf of the council are likely to be considered data controllers and therefore required to notify the Information Commissioner's Office.

**2.5** All councillors and officers who hold or collect personal data are responsible for compliance with data protection legislation and must ensure that personal and/or sensitive information is kept and processed in accordance with this policy.

### **3 BREACH OF THIS POLICY**

**3.1** Breaches of this policy may result in disciplinary action in accordance with the Council's Conduct or Capability procedures and, in certain circumstances may be considered to be gross misconduct, resulting in dismissal. It should also be noted that breach of the policy could also lead to criminal or civil action if illegal material is involved or legislation is contravened. Officers found to be in breach of this policy may also be deemed to have breached the Code of Conduct and referred to the District Council's Monitoring Officer.

### **4 PRIVACY BY DESIGN**

**4.1** The GDPR requires data controllers to put measures in place to minimise personal data processing and that they only process data that is necessary for the purposes of processing and stored for as long as is necessary.

**4.2** The Council will have the appropriate measures in place to determine the basis for lawful processing and will undertake risk assessments to ensure compliance with the law. These measures include the use of Data Protection Impact Assessments (DPIAs).

### **5 CONTRACTS**

**5.1** Data protection law places requirements on both the Council and its suppliers to ensure the security of personal data, and to manage individuals' privacy rights. This means that whenever the Council uses a supplier to process individuals' data on its behalf it must have a written contract in place.

**5.2** The law sets out what needs to be included in the contract so that both parties understand their responsibilities and liabilities.

**5.3** The Council is liable for its compliance with data protection law and must only appoint suppliers who can provide 'sufficient guarantees' that the requirements of the law will be met, and the rights of individuals protected.

**5.4** If a contractor, partner organisation or agent of the Council is appointed or engaged to collect, hold, process or deal with personal data on behalf of the council, or if they will do so as part of the services they provide to the Council, the relevant lead

Councillor or Council officer must ensure that personal data is managed in accordance with data protection law and this Policy.

**5.5** Security and data protection requirements must be included in any contract that the agent, contractor or partner organisation enters into with the Council and reviewed during the contract's life cycle.

**5.6** Council officers will use the appropriate processes, templates and DPIAs when managing or issuing contracts.

## **6 INFORMATION SHARING**

**6.1** The Council may share information when it is in the best interests of the data subject and when failure to share data may carry risks to vulnerable groups and individuals.

**6.2** Information must always be shared in a secure and appropriate manner and in accordance with the information type. The Council will be transparent and as open as possible about how and with whom data is shared; with what authority; and for what purpose; and with what protections and safeguards.

**6.3** Any Councillor or officer dealing with telephone enquiries must be careful about disclosing personal information held by the Council. In order to manage this the enquirer will be asked to put their request in writing in the first instance.

## **7 INDIVIDUALS' RIGHTS**

**7.1** An individual may request a copy of any data held about them, or information about the reasons for which it is kept and processed. This is called a Subject Access Request (SAR). Information on how an individual can make a SAR can be found via <https://ico.org.uk>

**7.2** Individuals also have other rights under the Data Protection Act 2018 which are set out in the Council's privacy notices. The Council must respond to individuals exercising their rights within one month.

## **8 DISCLOSURE OF PERSONAL INFORMATION TO THIRD PARTIES**

**8.1** Personal data can only be disclosed about a third party in accordance with the Data Protection Act 2018.

**8.2** If a user believes it is necessary to disclose information about a third party to a person requesting data, they must seek specialist advice before doing so.

## **9 BREACH OF INFORMATION SECURITY**

**9.1** The Council understands the importance of recognising and managing information security incidents. This occurs when data or information is transferred to somebody who is not entitled to receive it. It includes losing data or theft of information, unauthorised use of the Council's system to process or store data by any person or

attempted unauthorised access to data or information regardless of whether this was successful or not.

**9.2** All users have an obligation to report actual or potential data protection compliance failures as soon as possible and take immediate steps to minimise the impact and to assist with managing risk. The Council will fully investigate both actual and potential failures and take remedial steps, if necessary, maintain a register of compliance failures. If the incident involves or impacts personal data it must be reported to the ICO within 72 hours.

## **10 IT AND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS**

**10.1** The Council's IT and communications systems are intended to promote effective communication and working practices. This policy outlines the standards users must observe when using these systems and the action the Council will take if users breach these standards.

**10.2** The Council's network and internet connections should be used responsibly and efficiently for official purposes. Downloading and sharing copyrighted material without proper authorisation is prohibited.

**10.3** Breaches of this policy may be dealt with under the Council's Disciplinary Procedure and, in serious cases, may be treated as gross misconduct.

## **11 EQUIPMENT SECURITY AND PASSWORDS**

**11.1** The Clerk/RFO is responsible for the security of the Council equipment allocated to or used by them, and must not allow it to be used by anyone other than in accordance with this policy. Passwords must be set on all IT equipment and passwords must remain confidential and be changed regularly.

**11.2** Users must only log onto Council systems using their own username and password. Users must not use another person's username and password or allow anyone else to log on using their username and password.

## **12 SYSTEMS AND DATA SECURITY**

**12.1** Users should not delete, destroy, or modify existing systems, programs, information, or data (except as authorised in the proper performance of their duties).

**12.2** Users must not download or install software from external sources. Downloading unauthorised software may interfere with the Council's systems and may introduce viruses or other malware.

**12.3** Users should exercise particular caution when opening unsolicited e-mails from unknown sources. If an e-mail looks suspicious do not reply to it, open any attachments, or click any links in it.

**12.4** Users must inform the Chair immediately if they suspect a computer may have a virus.

## **13 E-MAIL**

**13.1** Users should adopt a professional tone and observe appropriate etiquette when communicating with third parties by e-mail.

**13.2** It should be noted that e-mails can be used in legal proceedings and that even deleted e-mails may remain on the system and be capable of being retrieved.

**13.3** Users must not send abusive, obscene, discriminatory, racist, harassing, derogatory, defamatory, pornographic, or otherwise inappropriate e-mails.

**13.4** For the purposes of council business, users must use a designated email account (or only use the email account provided) to receive or send email correspondence.

**13.5** Councillors must be cautious with attachments and links to avoid phishing and malware. The source must be verified before opening any attachments or clicking on links.

## **14 USING THE INTERNET**

**14.1** Users should not access any web page or download any image or other file from the internet which could be regarded as illegal, offensive, in bad taste or immoral. Even web content that is legal in the UK may be in sufficient bad taste to fall within this prohibition. As a rule, if any person (whether intended to view the page or not) might be offended by the contents of a page, or if the fact that our software has accessed the page or file might be a source of embarrassment if made public, then viewing it will be a breach of this policy.

## **15 PROHIBITED USE OF COUNCIL SYSTEMS**

**15.1** Misuse or excessive personal use of our telephone or e-mail system or inappropriate internet use will be dealt with under the Council's Disciplinary Procedure. Misuse of the internet can in some cases be a criminal offence.

**15.2** Creating, viewing, accessing, transmitting, or downloading any of the following material will usually amount to gross misconduct (this list is not exhaustive):

**(a)** pornographic material (that is, writing, pictures, films, and video clips of a sexually explicit or arousing nature);

(b) offensive, obscene, or criminal material or material which is liable to cause embarrassment to us or our local community;

(c) a false and defamatory statement about any person or organisation;

(d) material which is discriminatory, offensive, derogatory or may cause embarrassment to others (including material which breaches our Equal Opportunities Policy or our Anti-harassment and Bullying Policy);

(e) confidential information about the Council or any of our staff or our community (except as authorised in the proper performance of your duties);

(f) unauthorised software;

(g) any other statement which is likely to create any criminal or civil liability; or

(h) music or video files or other material in breach of copyright.

## **16 SOCIAL MEDIA**

**16.1** This policy is in place to minimise the risks to our Council through use of social media.

**16.2** This policy deals with the use of all forms of social media, including Facebook, LinkedIn, Twitter, Google+, Wikipedia and all other social networking sites, internet postings and blogs. It applies to use of social media for Council purposes as well as personal use that may affect our business in any way.

## **17 PROHIBITED USE**

**17.1** Users must avoid making any social media communications that could damage the Council's interests or reputation, even indirectly.

**17.2** Users must not use social media to defame or disparage us, Council staff or any third party; to harass, bully or unlawfully discriminate against staff or third parties; to make false or misleading statements; or to impersonate colleagues or third parties.

**17.3** Any misuse of social media should be reported the Chair.

## **18 GUIDELINES FOR RESPONSIBLE USE OF SOCIAL MEDIA**

**18.1** Users should make it clear in social media postings, or in their personal profile, that they are speaking on their own behalf.

**18.2** Be respectful to others when making any statement on social media and be aware that they are personally responsible for all communications which will be

published on the internet for anyone to see.

**18.3** A data protection breach may result in disciplinary action up to and including dismissal.

**18.4** Members or staff may be required to remove any social media content that the Council believes constitutes a breach of this policy. Failure to comply with such a request may in itself result in disciplinary action.

## **19 BRING YOUR OWN DEVICE (BYOD)**

The Council must take appropriate technical and organisational measures against accidental loss or destruction of or damage to personal data. Councillors using their own devices raises a number of data protection concerns due to the fact that these are owned by the user rather than the data controller. The risks the controller needs to assess are:

- The type of data held.
- Where the data may be stored.
- How the data is transferred.
- Potential data leakage.
- Blurring of personal and business use.
- The device's security capacities.
- What to do if the person who owns the device leaves the Council and
- How to deal with the loss, theft, failure and support of a device.

Councillors and officers using their own devices shall have the following responsibilities:

- Users will not lend their device to anybody.
- Users will inform the Council should they lose, sell, recycle or change their device.
- Users will enable a security pin to access their device and an automatic lock every 5 minutes requiring re-entry of the pin.
- Users will ensure security software is set up on their device and kept up to date.
- Users are responsible for maintaining the security of their accounts and passwords. Passwords should be strong and not shared with others.
- Regular password changes are encouraged to enhance security.



## 20 RECORDS MANAGEMENT

**20.1** It is necessary for the Council to retain a number of data sets as part of managing council business. The Council shall apply the following framework:

DOCUMENT	MINIMUM RETENTION PERIOD	REASON
▪ Minute books	Indefinite	Archive
▪ Scales of fees and charges	6 years	Management
▪ Receipt and payment account(s)	Indefinite	Archive
▪ Receipt books of all kinds	6 years	VAT
▪ Bank statements, including deposit/savings accounts	Last completed audit year	Audit
▪ Bank paying-in books	Last completed audit year	Audit
▪ Cheque book stubs	Last completed audit year	Audit
▪ Quotations and tenders	6 years	Limitation Act 1980 (as amended)
▪ Paid invoices	6 years	VAT
▪ Paid cheques	6 years	Limitation Act 1980 (as amended)
▪ VAT records	6 years generally but 20 years for VAT on rents	VAT
▪ Petty cash, postage and telephone books	6 years	Tax, VAT, Limitation Act 1980 (as amended)
▪ Timesheets	Last completed audit year 3 years	Audit (requirement) Personal injury (best practice)
▪ Wages books	12 years	Superannuation
▪ Insurance policies	While valid	Management

▪ Certificates for Insurance against liability for employees	40 years from date on which insurance commenced or was renewed	The Employers' Liability (Compulsory Insurance) Regulations 1998 (SI. 2753), Management.
▪ Investments	Indefinite	Audit, Management
▪ Title deeds, leases, agreements, contracts	Indefinite	Audit, Management
▪ Members allowances register	6 years	Tax, Limitation Act 1980 (as amended)
<b>For Halls, Centre, Recreation Grounds</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ application to hire</li> <li>▪ lettings diaries</li> <li>▪ copies of bills to hires</li> <li>▪ record of tickets issued</li> </ul>	6 years	VAT
<b>For Allotments</b>		
▪ Tenancy Agreement, register and plans	Indefinite	Audit, Management
<b>For Burial Grounds</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ register of fees collected</li> <li>▪ register of burials</li> <li>▪ register of purchased graves</li> <li>▪ register/plan of grave spaces</li> <li>▪ register of memorials</li> <li>▪ applications for interment</li> <li>▪ applications for right to erect memorials</li> <li>▪ disposal certificates</li> </ul>	Indefinite	Archives, Local Authorities Cemeteries Order 1977 (SI. 204)

▪ copy certificates of grant of exclusive right of burial		
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## **21. Training and awareness**

The Council will offer training and resources to educate users about IT security best practices, privacy concerns, and technology updates, as it becomes available. All employees and councillors will be offered training on email security and best practices as appropriate.

## **22. Policy review**

This policy will be reviewed annually to ensure its relevance and effectiveness. Updates may be made to address emerging technology trends and security measures.